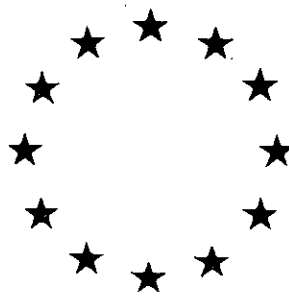


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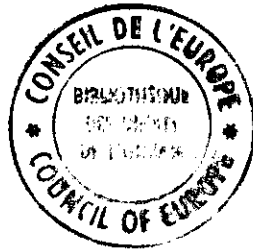
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COUNCIL
OF EUROPE



CONSEIL
DE L'EUROPE

N° 117



**PROTOCOL No. 7
TO THE CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION
OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS**

**PROTOCOLE N° 7
À LA CONVENTION DE SAUVEGARDE
DES DROITS DE L'HOMME
ET DES LIBERTÉS FONDAMENTALES**

STRASBOURG, 22.XI.1984

PROTOCOL No. 7

TO THE CONVENTION FOR THE PROTECTION
OF HUMAN RIGHTS AND FUNDAMENTAL FREEDOMS

PROTOCOLE N° 7

À LA CONVENTION DE SAUVEGARDE
DES DROITS DE L'HOMME
ET DES LIBERTÉS FONDAMENTALES



The member States of the Council of Europe signatory hereto,

Being resolved to take further steps to ensure the collective enforcement of certain rights and freedoms by means of the Convention for the Protection of Human Rights and Fundamental Freedoms signed at Rome on 4 November 1950 (hereinafter referred to as "the Convention"),

Have agreed as follows :

Article 1

1. An alien lawfully resident in the territory of a State shall not be expelled therefrom except in pursuance of a decision reached in accordance with law and shall be allowed :
 - a. to submit reasons against his expulsion,
 - b. to have his case reviewed, and
 - c. to be represented for these purposes before the competent authority or a person or persons designated by that authority.
2. An alien may be expelled before the exercise of his rights under paragraph 1. a, b and c of this Article, when such expulsion is necessary in the interests of public order or is grounded on reasons of national security.

Article 2

1. Everyone convicted of a criminal offence by a tribunal shall have the right to have his conviction or sentence reviewed by a higher tribunal. The exercise of this right, including the grounds on which it may be exercised, shall be governed by law.
2. This right may be subject to exceptions in regard to offences of a minor character, as prescribed by law, or in cases in which the person concerned was tried in the first instance by the highest tribunal or was convicted following an appeal against acquittal.

Article 3

When a person has by a final decision been convicted of a criminal offence and when subsequently his conviction has been reversed, or he has been pardoned, on the ground that a new or newly discovered fact shows conclusively that there has been a miscarriage of justice, the person who has suffered punishment as a result of such conviction shall be compensated according to the law or the practice of the State concerned, unless it is proved that the non-disclosure of the unknown fact in time is wholly or partly attributable to him.

Article 4

1. No one shall be liable to be tried or punished again in criminal proceedings under the jurisdiction of the same State for an offence for which he has already been finally acquitted or convicted in accordance with the law and penal procedure of that State.
2. The provisions of the preceding paragraph shall not prevent the reopening of the case in accordance with the law and penal procedure of the State concerned, if there is evidence of new or newly discovered facts, or if there has been a fundamental defect in the previous proceedings, which could affect the outcome of the case.
3. No derogation from this Article shall be made under Article 15 of the Convention.

Article 5

Spouses shall enjoy equality of rights and responsibilities of a private law character between them, and in their relations with their children, as to marriage, during marriage and in the event of its dissolution. This Article shall not prevent States from taking such measures as are necessary in the interests of the children.

Article 6

1. Any State may at the time of signature or when depositing its instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval, specify the territory or territories to which this Protocol shall apply and state the extent to which it undertakes that the provisions of this Protocol shall apply to such territory or territories.

2. Any State may at any later date, by a declaration addressed to the Secretary General of the Council of Europe, extend the application of this Protocol to any other territory specified in the declaration. In respect of such territory the Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of two months after the date of receipt by the Secretary General of such declaration.

3. Any declaration made under the two preceding paragraphs may, in respect of any territory specified in such declaration, be withdrawn or modified by a notification addressed to the Secretary General. The withdrawal or modification shall become effective on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of two months after the date of receipt of such notification by the Secretary General.

4. A declaration made in accordance with this Article shall be deemed to have been made in accordance with paragraph 1 of Article 63 of the Convention.

5. The territory of any State to which this Protocol applies by virtue of ratification, acceptance or approval by that State, and each territory to which this Protocol is applied by virtue of a declaration by that State under this Article, may be treated as separate territories for the purpose of the reference in Article 1 to the territory of a State.

Article 7

1. As between the States Parties, the provisions of Articles 1 to 6 of this Protocol shall be regarded as additional Articles to the Convention, and all the provisions of the Convention shall apply accordingly.

2. Nevertheless, the right of individual recourse recognised by a declaration made under Article 25 of the Convention, or the acceptance of the compulsory jurisdiction of the Court by a declaration made under Article 46 of the Convention, shall not be effective in relation to this Protocol unless the State concerned has made a statement recognising such right, or accepting such jurisdiction in respect of Articles 1 to 5 of this Protocol.

Article 8

This Protocol shall be open for signature by member States of the Council of Europe which have signed the Convention. It is subject to ratification, acceptance or approval. A member State of the Council of Europe may not ratify, accept or approve this Protocol without previously or simultaneously ratifying the Convention. Instruments of ratification, acceptance or approval shall be deposited with the Secretary General of the Council of Europe.

Article 9

1. This Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of two months after the date on which seven member States of the Council of Europe have expressed their consent to be bound by the Protocol in accordance with the provisions of Article 8.
2. In respect of any member State which subsequently expresses its consent to be bound by it, the Protocol shall enter into force on the first day of the month following the expiration of a period of two months after the date of the deposit of the instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval.

Article 10

The Secretary General of the Council of Europe shall notify all the member States of the Council of Europe of :

- a.* any signature ;
- b.* the deposit of any instrument of ratification, acceptance or approval ;
- c.* any date of entry into force of this Protocol in accordance with Articles 6 and 9 ;
- d.* any other act, notification or declaration relating to this Protocol.

In witness whereof the undersigned, being duly authorised thereto, have signed this Protocol.

Done at Strasbourg, this 22nd day of November 1984, in English and French, both texts being equally authentic, in a single copy which shall be deposited in the archives of the Council of Europe. The Secretary General of the Council of Europe shall transmit certified copies to each member State of the Council of Europe.

For the Government
of the Republic of Austria :

For the Government
of the Kingdom of Belgium :

For the Government
of the Republic of Cyprus :

For the Government
of the Kingdom of Denmark :

En foi de quoi, les soussignés dûment autorisés à cet effet, ont signé le présent Protocole.

Fait à Strasbourg, le 22 novembre 1984, en français et en anglais, les deux textes faisant également foi, en un seul exemplaire qui sera déposé dans les archives du Conseil de l'Europe. Le Secrétaire Général du Conseil de l'Europe en communiquera copie certifiée conforme à chacun des Etats membres du Conseil de l'Europe.

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République d'Autriche :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Royaume de Belgique :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République de Chypre :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Royaume de Danemark :

Erling VILHELM QUADE

For the Government
of the French Republic :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République française :

Roland DUMAS

For the Government
of the Federal Republic of Germany :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République Fédérale d'Allemagne :

For the Government
of the Hellenic Republic :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République hellénique :

Theodoros PAGALOS

For the Government
of the Icelandic Republic :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République islandaise :

For the Government
of Ireland :

Pour le Gouvernement
d'Irlande :

For the Government
of the Italian Republic :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République italienne :

Paolo Massimo ANTICI

For the Government
of the Principality of Liechtenstein :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la Principauté de Liechtenstein :

For the Government
of the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg :

Robert GOEBBELS

For the Government
of Malta :

Pour le Gouvernement
de Malte :

For the Government
of the Kingdom of the Netherlands :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Royaume des Pays-Bas :

Hans van den BROEK

For the Government
of the Kingdom of Norway :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Royaume de Norvège :

Svenn STRAY

For the Government
of the Portuguese Republic :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République portugaise :

Jaime GAMA

For the Government
of the Kingdom of Spain :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Royaume de l'Espagne :

Fernando MORAN

For the Government
of the Kingdom of Sweden :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Royaume de Suède :

Lennart BODSTROEM

For the Government
of the Swiss Confederation :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la Confédération suisse :

For the Government
of the Turkish Republic :

Pour le Gouvernement
de la République turque :

For the Government
of the United Kingdom of Great Britain
and Northern Ireland :

Pour le Gouvernement
du Royaume-Uni de Grande-Bretagne
et d'Irlande du Nord :